DELRAY FRAMEWORK PLAN

01.15.2021

Planning and Development

ROSSETTI | BLD | BJH | WSP | INTERFACE STUDIO

AGENDA

- 1. COMMUNITY OUTREACH & ENGAGEMENT
- 2. EXISTING AND FUTURE ZONING
- 3. FUTURE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT
- 4. PHYTOREMEDIATION
- 5. BUFFERS/SCREENING
- 6. TRANSPORTATION
- 7. NEXT STEPS

COMMUNITY OUTREACH & ENGAGEMENT

PREVIOUS PLANNING

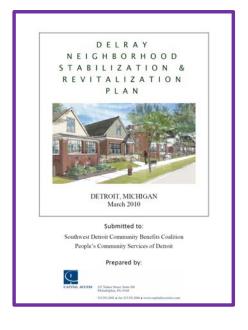


SW TRUCKS EN ROUTE PILOT STUDY

City of Detroit. November, 2019

This plan identified a pilot study aimed at understanding which streets are the best places for trucks to go. With this study, the truck ordinance identified specific geography for signage, road repairs, and traffic enforcement. Stated Community Needs:

- + Develop strategies to ensure pedestrian and bike **Safety**
- + Protect **economic development** that is constricted by heavy truck traffic
- + Protect **health** by controlling air pollution associated with truck emissions and road dust
- + Preserve Neighborhood Character



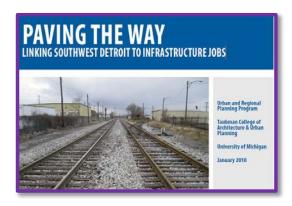
Delray Neighborhood Stabilization and Revitalization Plan

Capital Access, Inc. March, 20010

This plan addressed the balance between the region's need for infrastructure investment and social equity, by explaining ways to connect residents of Southwest Detroit with new job opportunities. Stated Community Needs:

- + Ensure a **safe, sustainable quality of life** for new and existing residents
- + Preserve the historic legacy and strong sense of community
- + Environmental and transportation **buffers** to improve air, noise and soil quality and traffic safety
- + Foster community engagement

PREVIOUS PLANNING



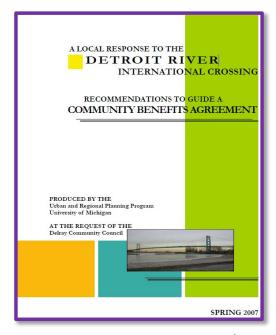
Paving the Way: Linking Southwest Detroit to Infrastructure Jobs

Taubman College, University of Michigan January, 2010

This project proposed recommendations to ensure that local residents of Southwest Detroit receive jobs associated with the operations of the DIFT and DRIC (now GHIB), protect local businesses from adverse effects of construction and promote patronage of local businesses, and link Southwest Detroit residents to DRIC and DIFT-related jobs that improve the local environment.

Stated Community Needs:

- + Protecting and promoting **local businesses**
- + Negotiating for permanent **jobs**
- + Training for permanent **jobs**
- + Encouraging employers to hire local residents



A Local Response To The Detroit River International Crossing: Recommendation To Guide community Benefits Agreement

Taubman College, University Of Michigan Spring, 2007

The report first examined the environmental, social, and economic impacts of the bridge on the neighborhood. And then, introduced Community Benefits Agreements (CBAs), a legally enforceable contracts signed by a public/private developer and a community coalition, as a way to hold local development accountable and make sure that subsidized projects create benefits for the local community.

Stated Community Needs:

- + Route truck traffic to avoid residential streets and minimize idling as much as possible
- + Implement traffic calming techniques to **slow traffic** and increase **pedestrian safety**
- + Notify the community of traffic alterations during construction
- + Take action to **monitor and improve air quality** during and
 after construction

JULY AND SEPT.

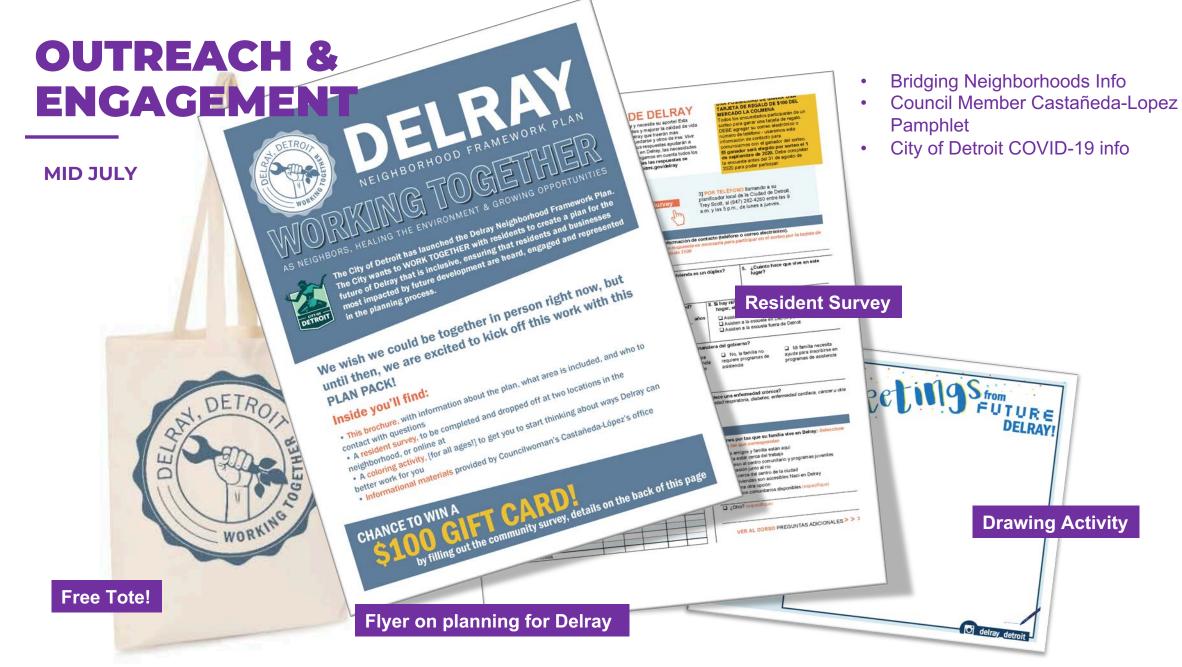














SEPTEMBER MEETING REACTIONS

Ensure no negative impact on the public or environmental health of the surrounding community.

Why "transitional residential"?

What does that mean?

Truck routes must be addressed. Can additional buffering be installed around industrial?

More green space.
More grocery stores.

More recreational

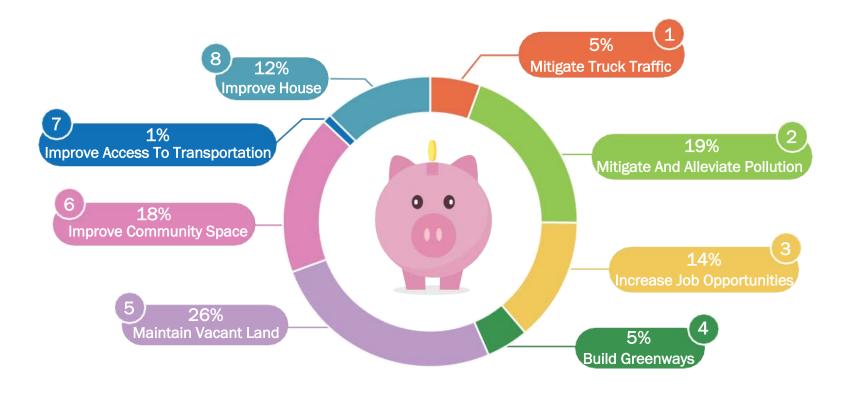
opportunities / parks for the community.

SEPTEMBER MEETING REACTIONS



SEPTEMBER MEETING REACTIONS





NEXT OUTREACH STEPS

PRESENTATION TO CAG?

PRESENTATION TO CAG GROUP FOR FINAL INPUT AND FEEBACK BEFORE PRESENTATING TO THE MAYOR OFFICE AND PUBLIC OUTREACH.

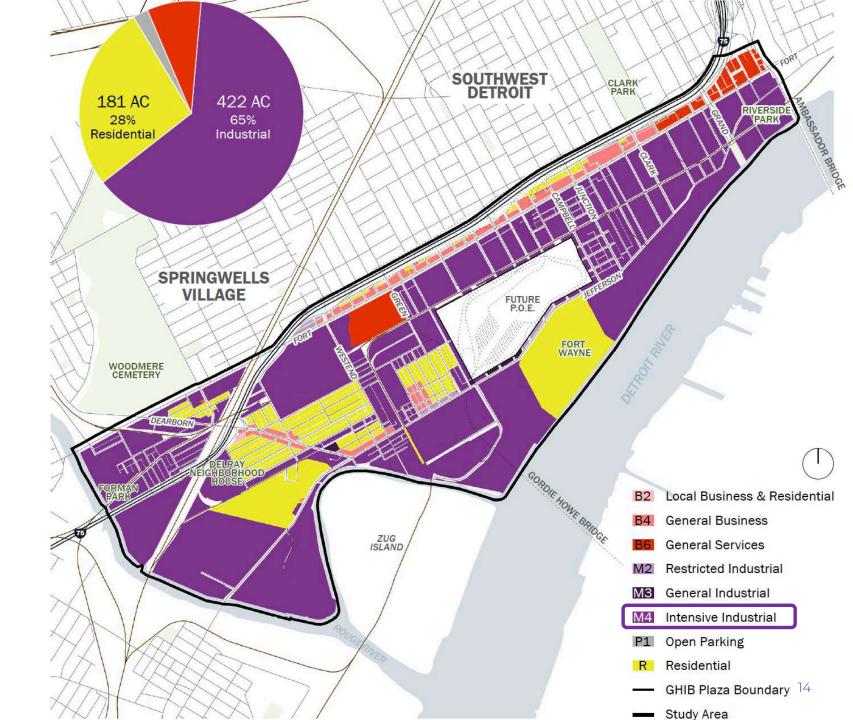
ZOOM MEETING WITH RESIDENTS

UPDATING DELRAY RESIDENTS ON THE DRAFT OF THE DOCUMENT AND GARNER FEEDBACK AND INPUT BEFORE FINALIZING THE PLAN.

CITIZENS GUIDE DOCUMENT

A PAMPHLET THAT SUMMARIZES THE FRAMEWORK AND ITS EFFORTS AS A GUIDING TOOL FOR THE FUTURE OF DELRAY.

ZONING



CURRENT SCREENING

RIGHT-OF-WAY SCREENING



- (A) 5' (min)

 Landscape buffer strip (hedge, masonry wall, or berm)
- (B) 30' (min)
 Vegetation, berm, or masonry wall forming a continuous screen at least thirty (30) inches, but not more than thirty-six (36) inches, in height.
- O 30' (max) At least one tree shall be provided for each thirty (30) linear feet of landscape buffer.

Tree may be planted in buffer or between sidewalk and street curb.

RESIDENTIAL SCREENING Residential Zone with Dwelling Unit



Where a zoning lot that has a dwelling unit on land zoned R or residential PD and abuts, or is located across an alley or public street not exceeding sixty (60) feet in width from, a parking area visible from the residential lot, an opaque wall shall be placed at the edge of the parking area to screen the parking area.

- D 10' (min)
 The nearest parking space, drive aisle, or other paved surface within the parking area shall be located at least ten (10) feet from the abutting residential lot.
- (E) 4' (min)
 Brick, masonry with brick facing, or masonry with steel picket, 4' height min, 6' height max.

INDUSTRIAL SCREENING

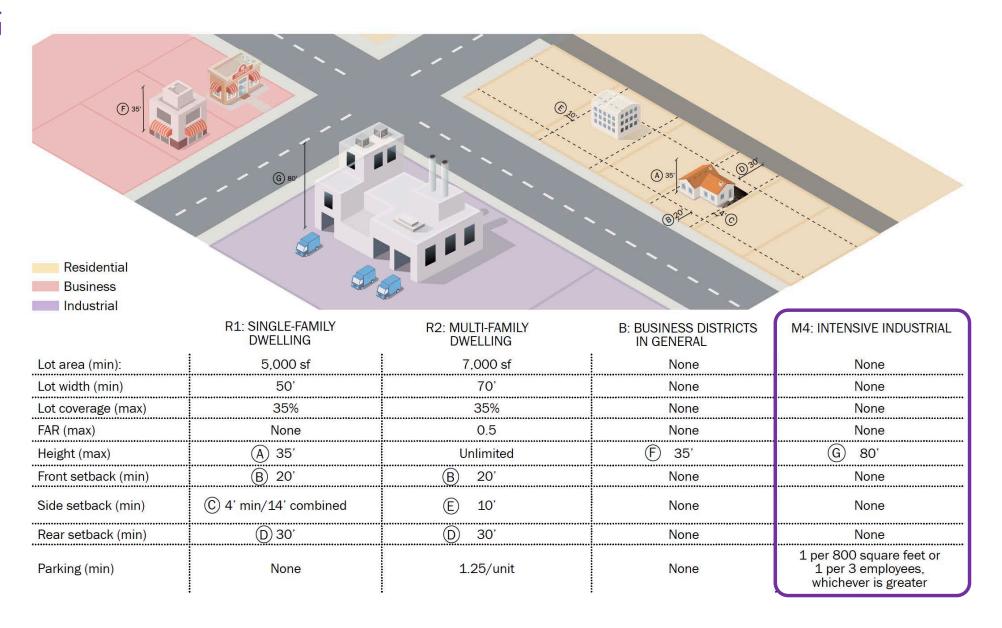


No detailed description found in the ordinance

"This district (M2) is designed for a wide range of industrial and related uses which can function with a minimum of undesirable effects.

Industrial establishments of this type provide a buffer between residential districts and intensive industrial districts."

DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS



M4 USES

124
BY RIGHT USES

Example By-Right Uses

Arcade

Art gallery

Bake shop, retail

Barber or Beauty Shop

Dry cleaning, laundry or laundromat

Medical or dental clinic

Nail Salon

Restaurants

Recreation

54
CONDITIONAL USES

Example Conditional Uses

Lofts

Residential use combined with commercial

Library

Museum

Neighborhood Center

Religious Institutions

Dance Hall, public

Outdoor Recreation

Pawnshop

178
M4 ALLOWED USES

162
M3 ALLOWED USES

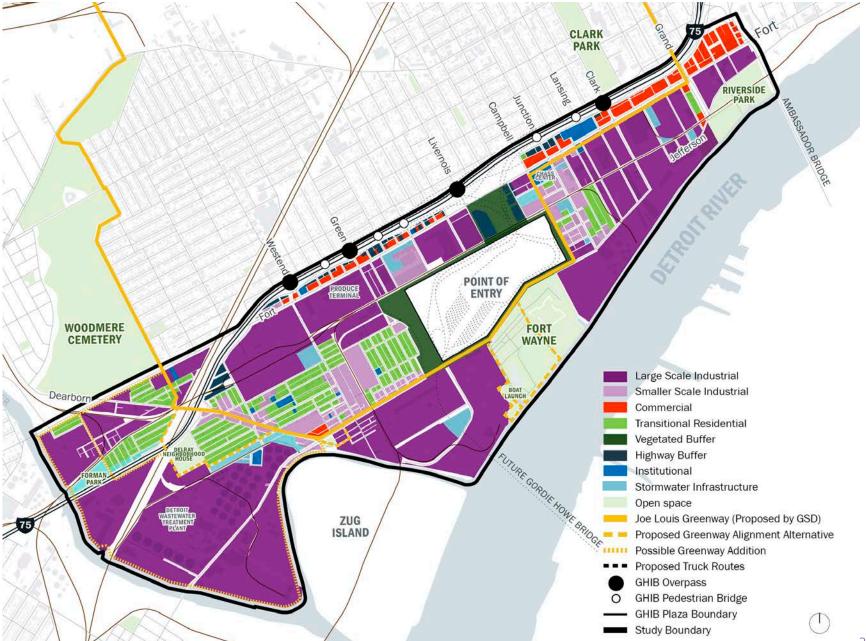
146
M2 ALLOWED USES

138
M1 ALLOWED USES

FUTURE ZONING

TRANSITIONAL ZONING

The TM Transitional-Industrial District is a special transitional district covering areas currently developed with a mixture of uses, which, among others, is a relatively large number of residential uses ... The district regulations provide for a guided change to the terminal land use while, at the same time, protecting, as much as possible, the existing residential development. No new residential development shall be permitted in this district, provided, that the existing residential development shall not be considered nonconforming. As the area changes from a residential to a non-residential character, a rezoning to the appropriate industrial classification should be effectuated.



DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIZATION

By assessing existing land vacancy, parcel size, existing industrial types, land uses, etc., the team identified industrial topologies in Delray and categorized them into groups based on lot area size from smaller than 0.25-acre to larger than 10-acre.



Distribution Center (DC) / Fulfillment / Logistics

Delray lends itself well to this type of development given geography and access. Overall, pending financial feasibility analysis, this is a projected wide-spread typology in the neighborhood long term.



Custom Manufacturing

Encompasses niche manufacturing including but not limited to custom garment / cut & sew, personal protective equipment (PPE), electronics, and beverage. (can utilize smaller parcels)



Manufacturing (auto related)

Projecting future uses / development centers around existing node of supplier manufacturers in the neighborhood and available built facilities.



Food Distribution / Packing / Growing

Development centers around existing node at the Produce Terminal., existing buildings can be retrofitted to fit the end user's needs (can utilize smaller parcels and do not necessarily require new construction)

Distribution / Fulfillment / Logistics Center.

Demand: 55%% OF FUTURE PRODUCTIVE USE

Size: > 10 Acres

Future Demand: **High**

Cooperative Stormwater

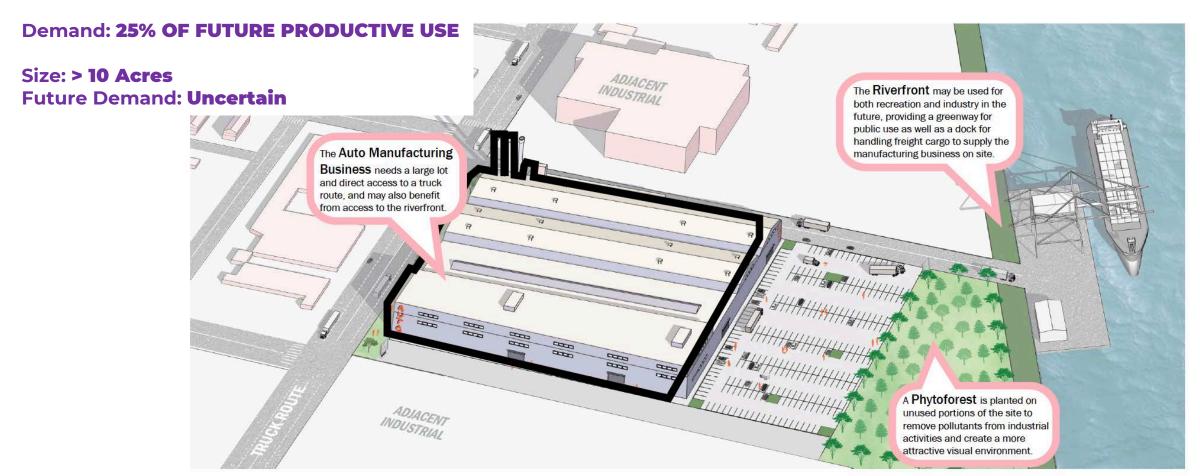
Management is located near an adjacent industrial site to provide adjoining parcels with a shared stormwater management system and to prevent stormwater from draining off the building's rooftop and paved surfaces into Detroit's combined sewer system.

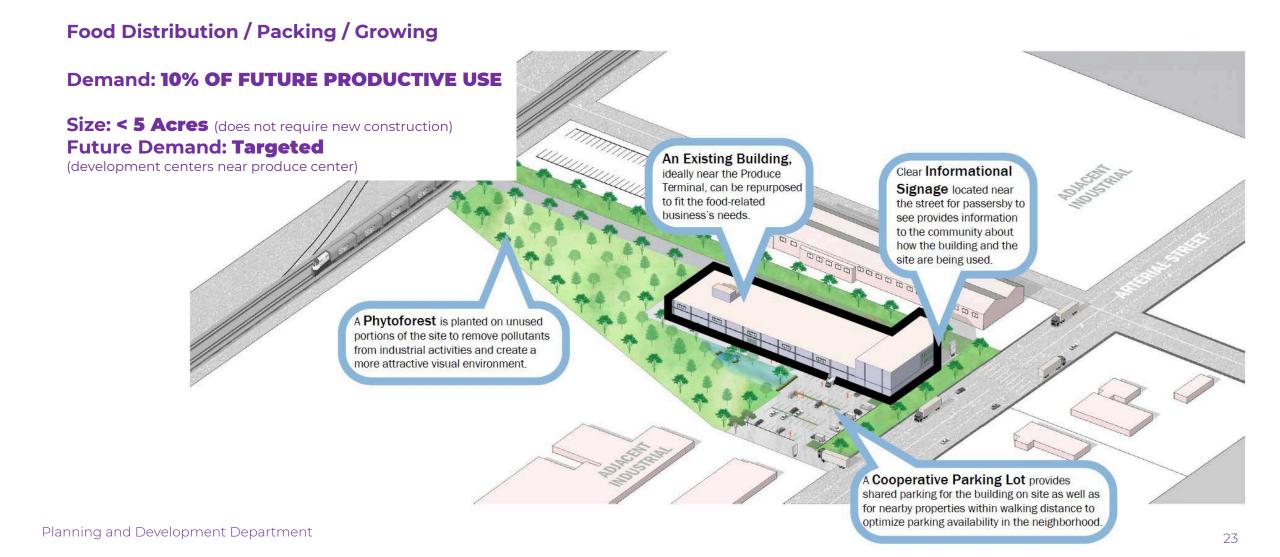
Car/Truck Access

to the site is located along a truck route to reduce negative effects of heavy traffic along residents streets and provide convenient access for trucks.

A landscape **buffer** zone of plants and trees creates a more attractive, healthier environment between the Distribution Center and nearby residential homes.

Auto Manufacturing





Custom/Niche Manufacturing

Planning and Development Department

(garment/cut and sew/electronics/PPE/beverage)

Demand: 10% OF FUTURE PRODUCTIVE USE An Existing Building can be repurposed to fit the business's needs for manufacturing of niche Size: < 5 Acres (does not require new construction) products such as textiles, electronics, and packaging **Future Demand: Targeted** Vehicular Access. Parking, and Loading are located to the rear of the site to create a more attractive street frontage along the arterial road. Cooperative Stormwater Management is located near an adjacent industrial site to provide adjoining parcels with a shared stormwater management system and to prevent stormwater from draining off the building's rooftop

The business is located in one of Delray's new

Employment Hubs which has nearby retail within walking distance and access to a commuter

shuttle service.

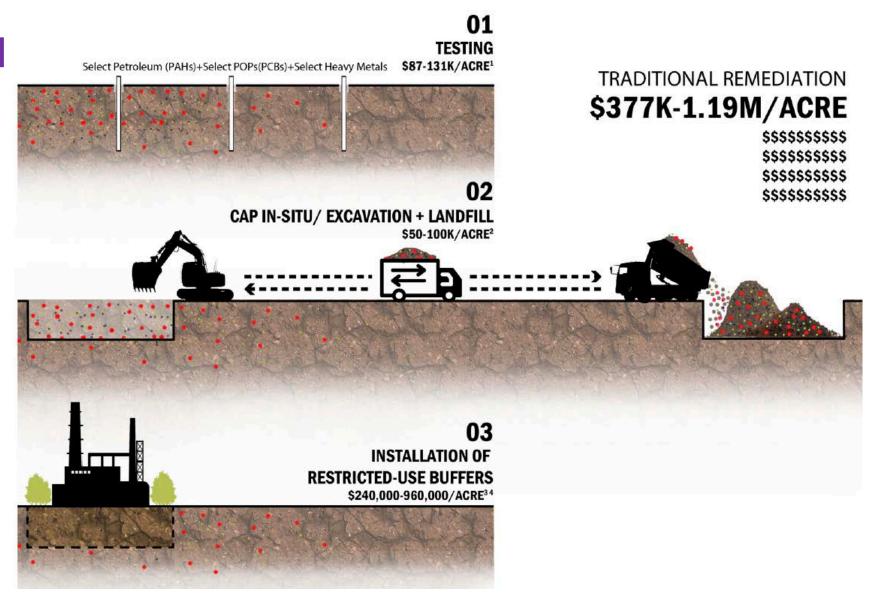
and paved surfaces into Detroit's combined sewer system.

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PHYTO-REMEDIATION

TRADITIONAL REMEDIATION

+ Skilled Labor Jobs



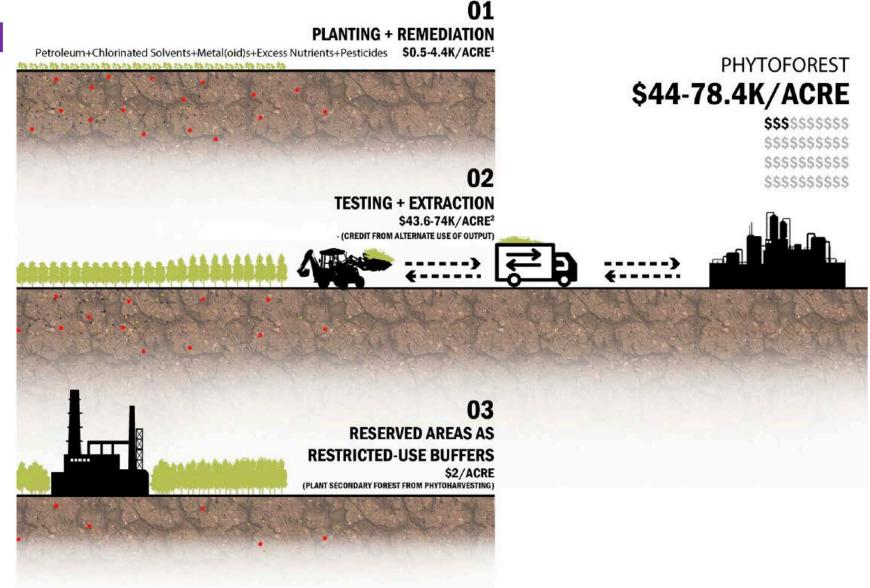
PHYTO REMEDIATION

PHYTOFOREST REMEDIATION

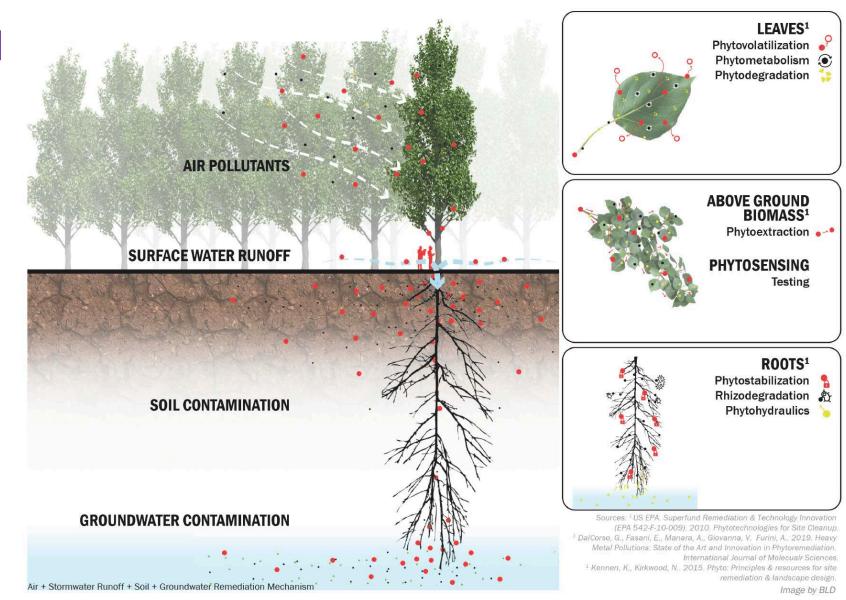
- + Jobs
- + (alt) Products

Mulch Wood Chips Cardboard Biofuel

- + Graywater Reuse
 Offset some of the excess nutrient discharged from Detroit's WWTP
- + Educational
- + Habitat
- Aesthetics

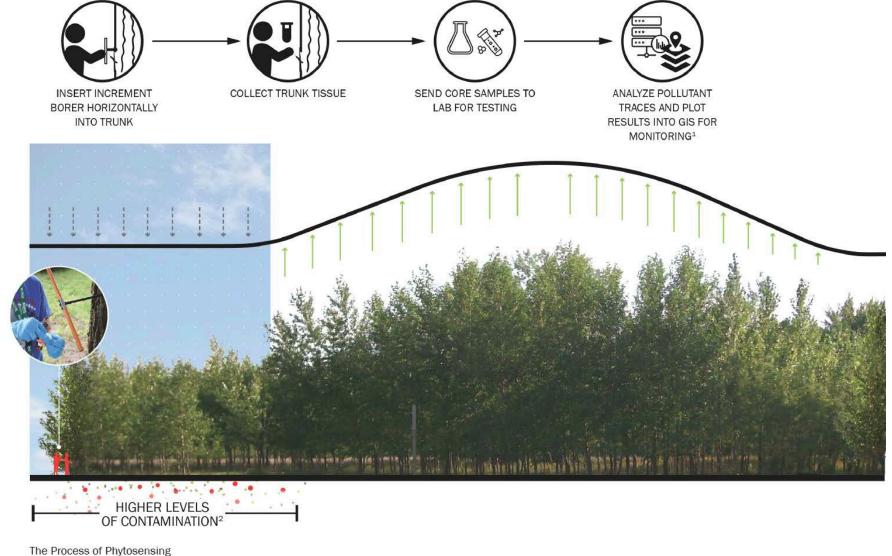


PHYTO REMEDIATION



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PHYTOSENSING MECHANICS



PHYTO REMEDIATION

LANDSCAPE USE + TIME

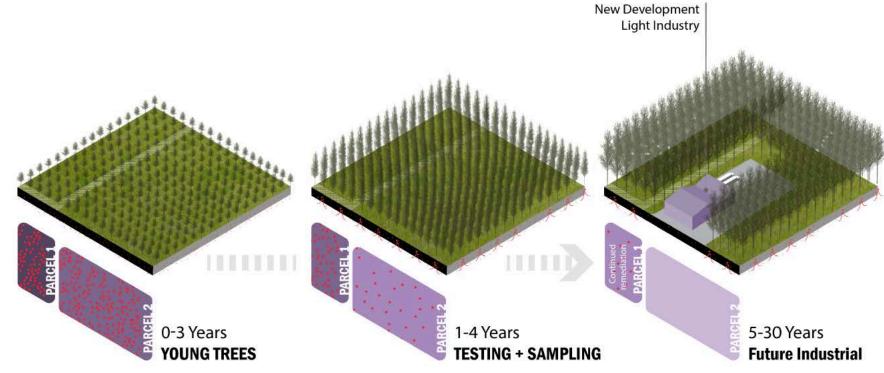
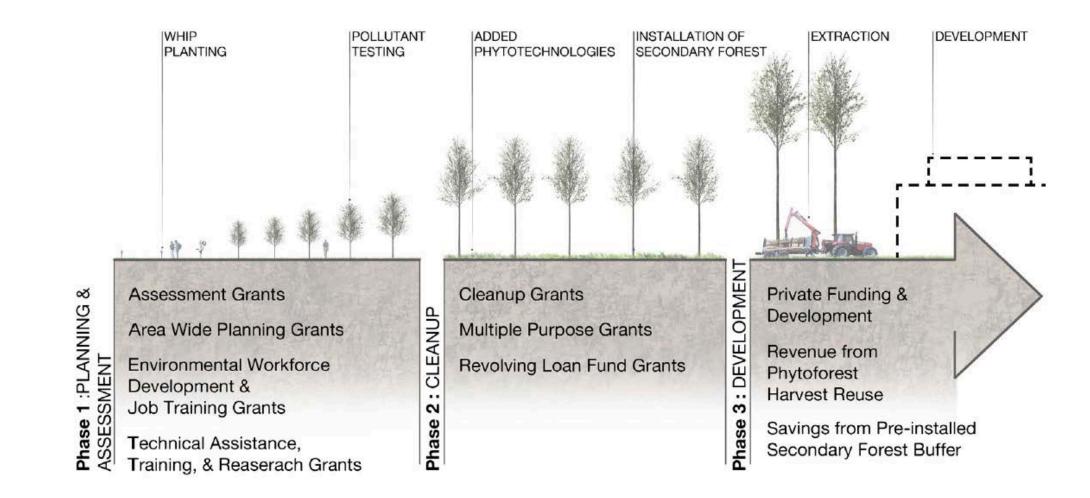


Image by BLD
Broad Landscape + Land use Timeline

PHYTO REMEDIATION

FUNDING

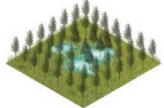


PHYTOFOREST VARIANTS



INDUSTRIAL PHYTOFOREST

With a recommended minimum buffer width of 60' (6 to 8 rows of trees along parcel boundaries), using a dense phytoforest grid of 8x8'- 10x10' and an additional secondary stabilization vegetative cover to hold contaminants in place to prevent them from migrating, this typology caters to the most intense contaminants released from industrial uses in Delray.



COOPERATIVE STORMWATER PHYTOFOREST

Cooperative Stormwater
Phytoforests are designed
primarily to reduce stormwater
flow rate and treat runoff using
a detention and/or retention
basins to control the quantity
of runoff while enhancing the
quality of water infiltrating to
the ground.

Designed as a shared infrastructure, *Drainage Charge Credits*⁵ can also be gained.

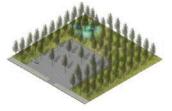


NON-INDUSTRIAL PHYTOFOREST

Traces of contamination (like lead) through prior industrial use on land can be seen to impact residences, commercial buildings, and offices that stand over these parcels today.

do not allow for stormwate to percolate directly in the ground dramatically increase the flow rate of runoff. This typology recommends the overall reduction of impersormal traces.

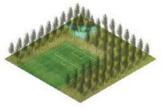
The non-industrial phytoforest type is designed to identify, stabilize/ treat these contaminants, and can also be used to gain Drainage Charge Credits.



PARKING PHYTOFOREST

Impervious surfaces that do not allow for stormwater to percolate directly in the ground dramatically increases the flow rate of runoff. This typology recommends the overall reduction of impervious surfaces by using a shared lot system between adjacent parcels that can function with staggered peak hours.

By using a dense grid and secondary vegetation, this typology can also be used to gain Drainage Charge Credits.



PARKLAND PHYTOFOREST

While Delray is zoned industrial, the neighborhood also hosts residential uses and historic attractions like Fort Wayne creating a need for recreational uses in Delray. The Parkland Phytoforest aims to buffer these recreational zones from neighboring industrial uses using a dense phytoforest grid. This phytoforest type assists in reducing excess fertilizers and nutrients often found in play areas and picnic zones with expansive lawns.



HIGHWAY + RAILROAD PHYTOFOREST BUFFER

These phytoforest buffers function primarily to trap air contaminants and particulate matter from vehicular corridors through dense foliage Additionally, these treat road and car debris, petroleum and oil spills, salt and deicing chemicals, vehicular emissions, and vibrations through phytoremediating trees along the outermost edge of the ROW and evapotranspiration vegetative covers along the inner edges⁶.



COMPOSTING PHYTOFOREST

Efficient on-site waste management can help offset emissions to a high degree. The composting phytoforest recommends the use of on-site composting for organic waste material from the neighborhood and waste sludge from Detroit's WWTP. Using phytoforest trees, excess nutrients and contained on site and a visual and olfactory barrier is created. The compost can be used to manufacture pellets (used as fertilizers and energy) thereby boosting Delray's economy.

PHYTOFOREST PILOT AREA



PHYTOFOREST CASE STUDY

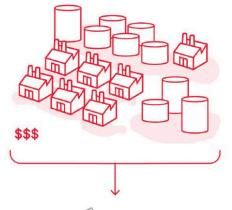
MUSKEGON, MI

8 CONTAMINATED BROWNFIELD SITES¹

Industrial Vacancy

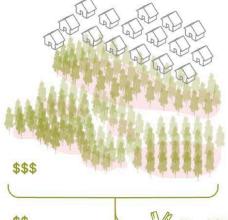
2012: 11 Acres 2017: 18 Acres

5 Types of Contaminants



POPLAR PLANTING \$400,000 FUNDED BY2

U.S. Forest Service **Great Lakes Restoration** Initiative **KEY PARTNERS Environmental Forest** Consultants West Michigan Shoreline Regional Development Commission (WMSRD Michigan State University (MSU) Montague Tree Farm, Merit Labs and Grand Rapids DEQ



WORKFORCE + PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED





Prior Industrial Vacancies: Manufacturing, Distribution, Petroleum storage, etc.¹



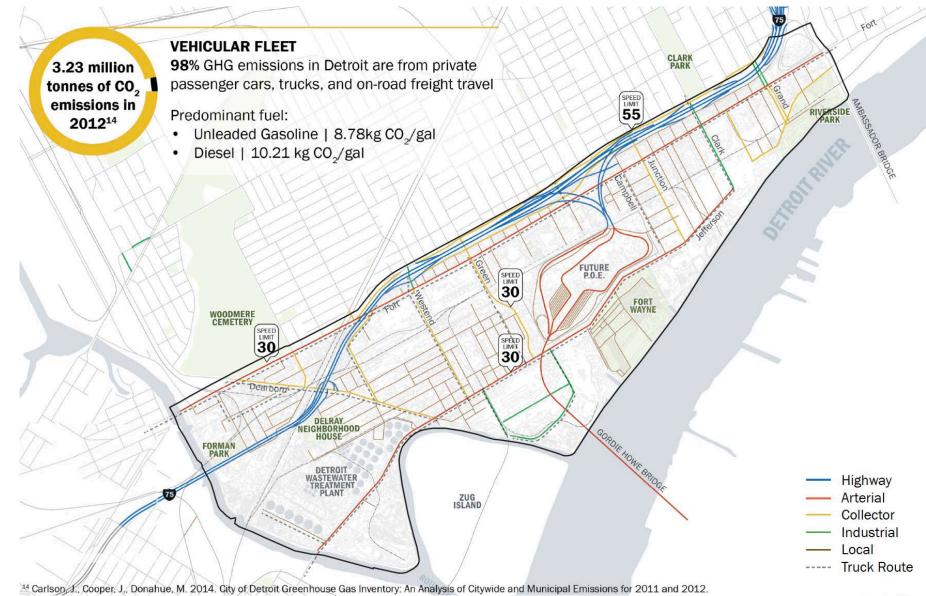
Dlagram by BLD

¹The Delta Institute, 2016. From Brownfields to Beauty, Announcements.

BUFFERS/ SCREENING

BUFFERS/ **SCREENING**

TRUCK ROUTES & ROADWAYS



EX. DEARBORN STREET

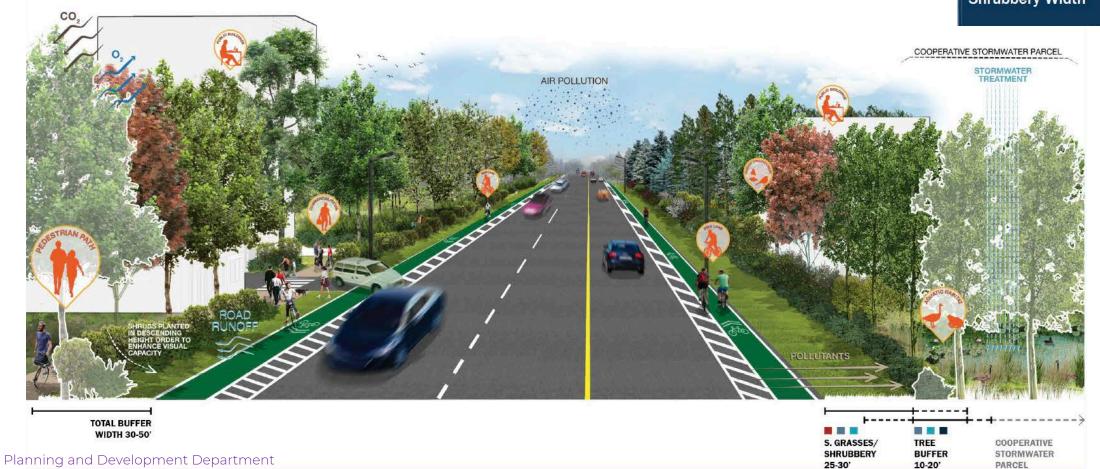
COLLECTOR BUFFERS

66 ' ROW MODERATE SPEED MODERATE VOLUME

Total Buffer Width 20' - 30'

Tree Buffer Width 10' - 20'

Shrubbery Width 20' - 30'



EX. FORT OR JEFFERSON

ARTERIAL BUFFERS

100 ' ROW

MODERATE SPEED

MODERATE-HIGH VOLUME

Total Buffer Width 30' - 50'

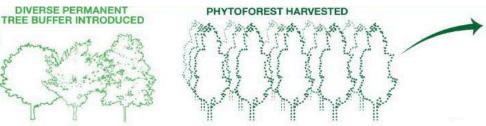
Tree Buffer Width 10' - 30'

Shrubbery Width 25' - 30'

Mow Band Width



SCREENING
TRUCK ROUTES



S. GRASSES/ PHYTOFOREST BUFFER

SHRUBBERY >60'

10-20'

N-S INDUSTRIAL CORRIDOR BUFFERS

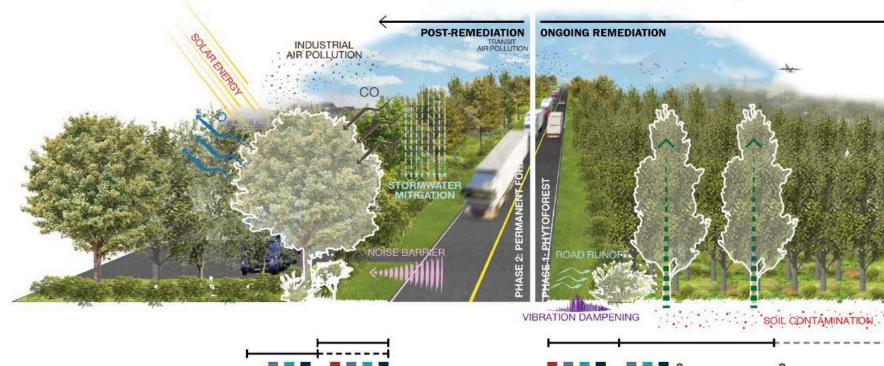
50 ' ROW MODERATE SPEED PEAK HOURS HEAVY-VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

Total Buffer Width 60'

Tree Buffer Width 60'

INDUSTRIAL PHYTOFOREST

Shrubbery Width 10' - 20'

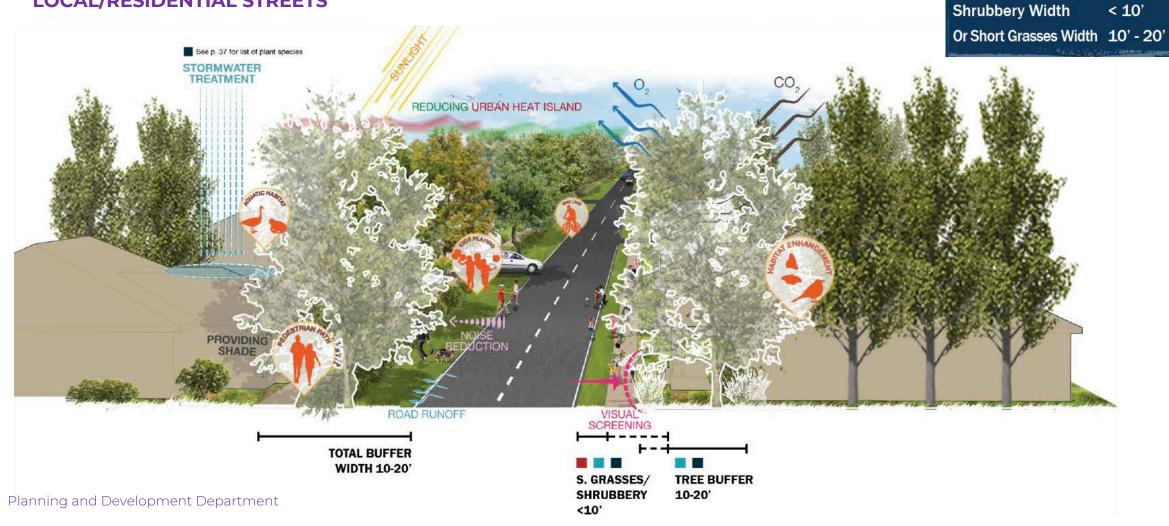


TREE BUFFER >60' S. GRASSES

SHRUBBERY

10-20'

LOCAL/RESIDENTIAL STREETS



LOCAL BUFFERS

LOW SPEED + VOLUME

10' - 20'

10' - 20'

Total Buffer Width

Tree Buffer Width

50 ' ROW

INTERSTATE - 75

HIGHWAY BUFFERS

> 100' ROW HIGH SPEED HIGH VOLUME

Total Buffer Width 150' - 400'

Tree Buffer Width 65' - 400'

< 65'

Shrubbery Width

Short Grasses < 45'

Mow Band Width 5'

SUNKEN HIGHWAY BUFFER



SHRUBBERY

BELOW INTERSTATE -75

ELEVATED HIGHWAY BUFFER



HIGHWAY BUFFERS

150' - 400' 65' - 400'

< 65'

> 100' ROW

HIGH SPEED HIGH VOLUME

Total Buffer Width

Tree Buffer Width

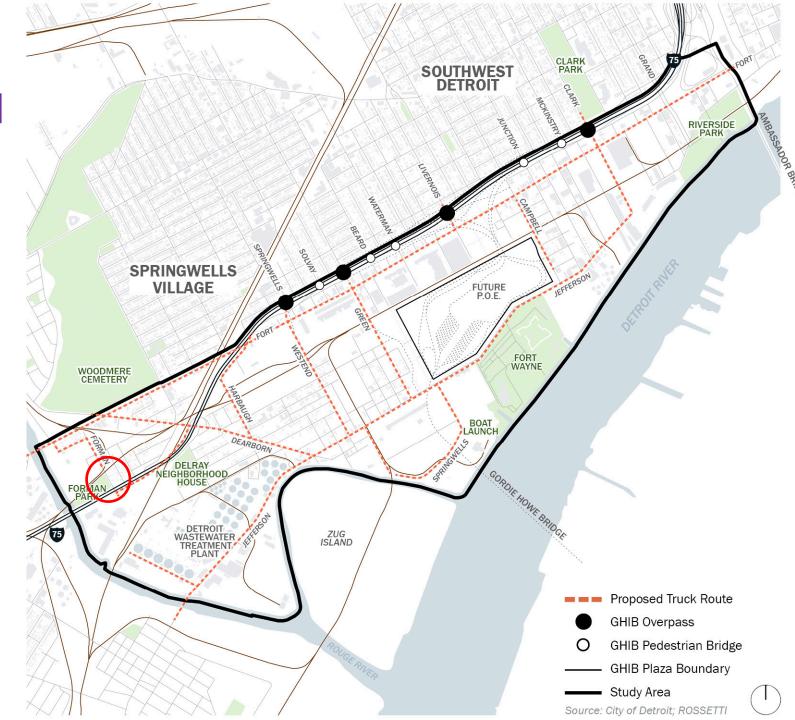
Shrubbery Width



TRUCK ROUTES

The City has recently proposed a truck ordinance and subsequent associated truck network that will impact Delray. The proposed network, once approved will be the city's first designated truck route network.

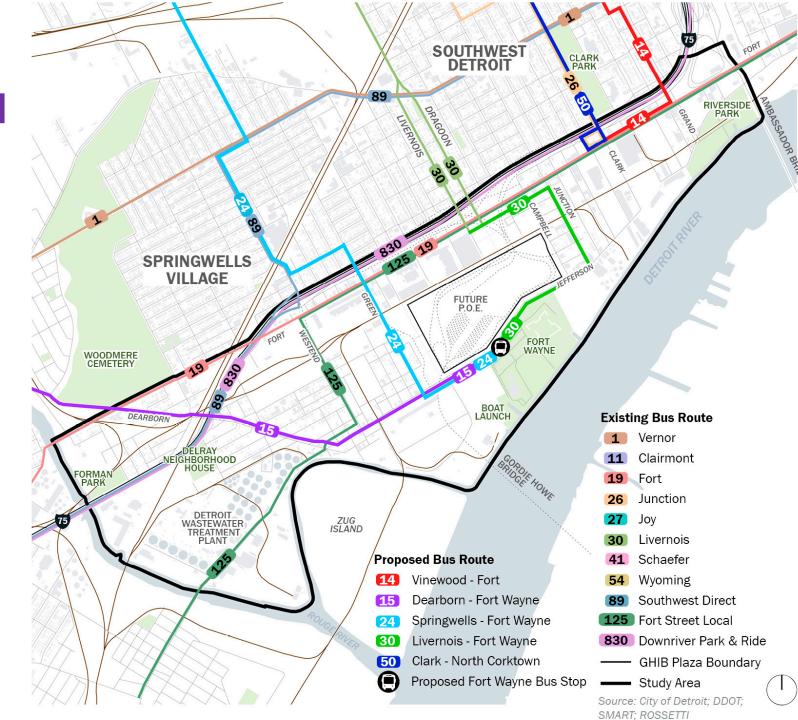
The Delray Framework adopts all proposed truck routes from the proposed network with the exception of the route that is proposed at Forman Street. The existing Forman Park is planned for future stormwater improvements and potential nonmotorized boat access to the Rouge River. Trucks accessing commercial property north of the freeway can access industrial properties via Fort Street. Trucks can access the DWSD Wastewater Treatment Plant vis the existing access Drive from Dearborn Street.



PUBLIC TRANSIT

Detroit Department of Transportation (DDOT) and the Suburban Mobility Authority for Regional Transportation (SMART) each provide bus routes to and through Delray. With the construction of the GHIB some DDOT routes have been interrupted by the very nature of the removal of local streets for the construction of the plaza.

Proposed DDOT routes will continue within Delray providing multiple routes into and out of the neighborhood. however it does not provide circulation within the area. SMART currently only provides service on Fort Street. Employees or residents utilizing SMART service would likely need to access their homes. jobs or services on foot from Fort Street. Continued conversations with both DDOT and SMART should take place to seek opportunities to expand or realign service as needs change in the neighborhood.



DELRAY SHUTTLE ROUTE

As a supplement to DDOT and SMART services a rubber tire shuttle service should be considered. With an influx of new warehouses, many communities are increasingly focusing on connecting these facilities to public transportation and have expanded their service to include industrial parks or employment areas that are not otherwise well served by public transportation

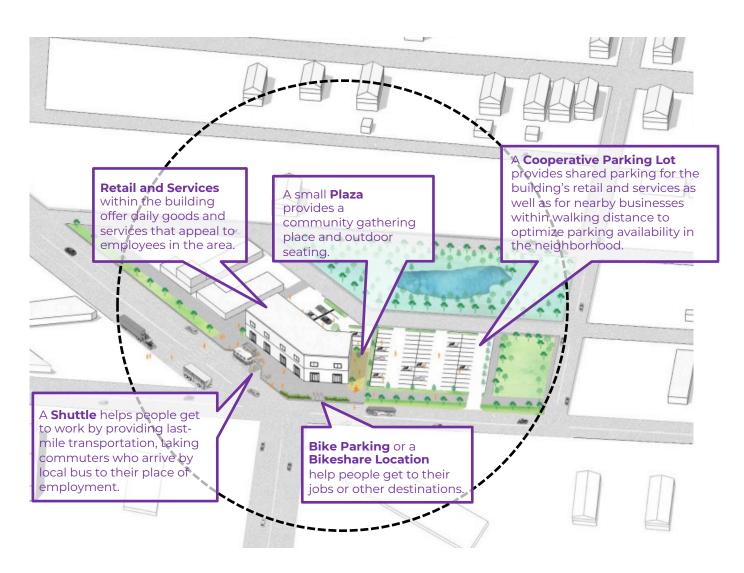


EMPLOYMENT HUB

A **DELRAY EMPLOYMENT HUB** is an opportunity to provide community services either within existing organizations or commercial buildings that allow business owners the opportunity to offer employees valuable services such as workforce enrichment, education, possibly even childcare and daily goods.

Business can pay into a fund to provide these services at a discounted rate.

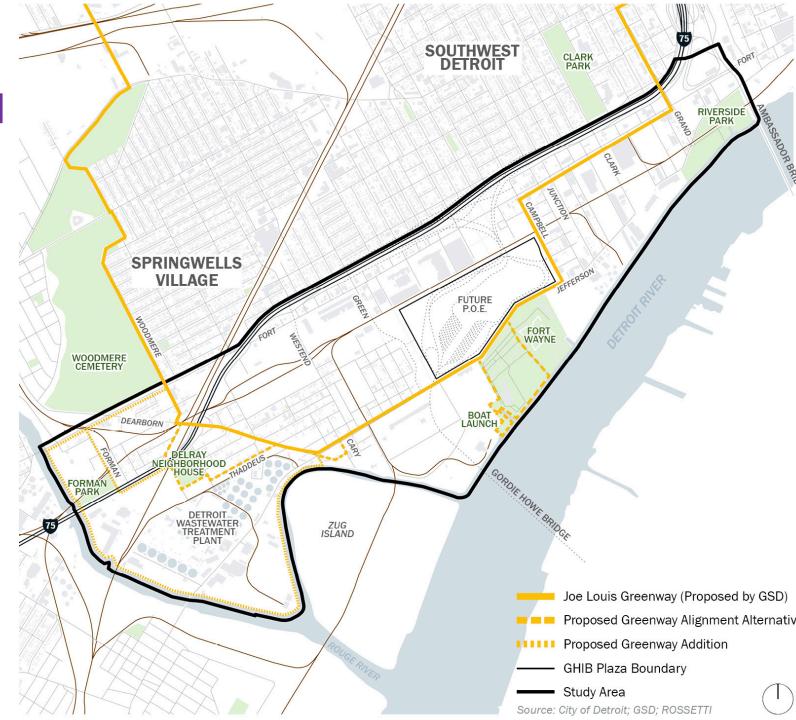
To provide maximum benefit, employment hubs should be connected by a Delray Shuttle that links transit lines and serves as enhanced last-mile transportation.



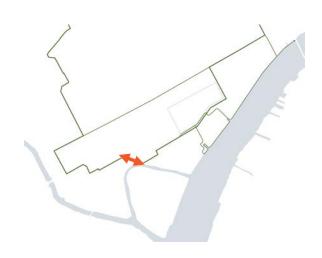
JOE LOUIS GREENWAY

The proposed Joe Louis Greenway provides an opportunity to provide enhanced quality non-motorized access through the neighborhood and to its recreational amenities.

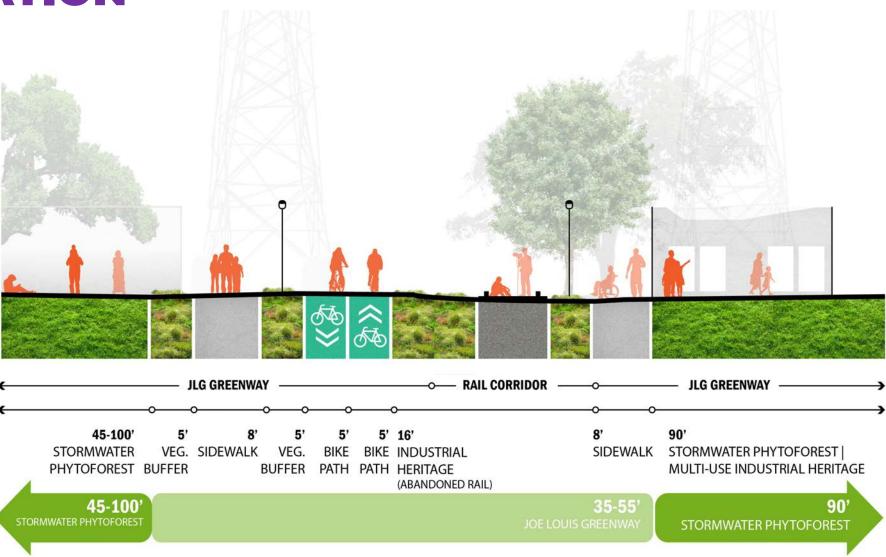
The proposed greenway alignment maximizes the previously committed pedestrian spaces as part of the GHIB Community Benefits Agreement. Additional alignments should be considered to minimize conflicts with rail corridors.



JOE LOUIS GREENWAY



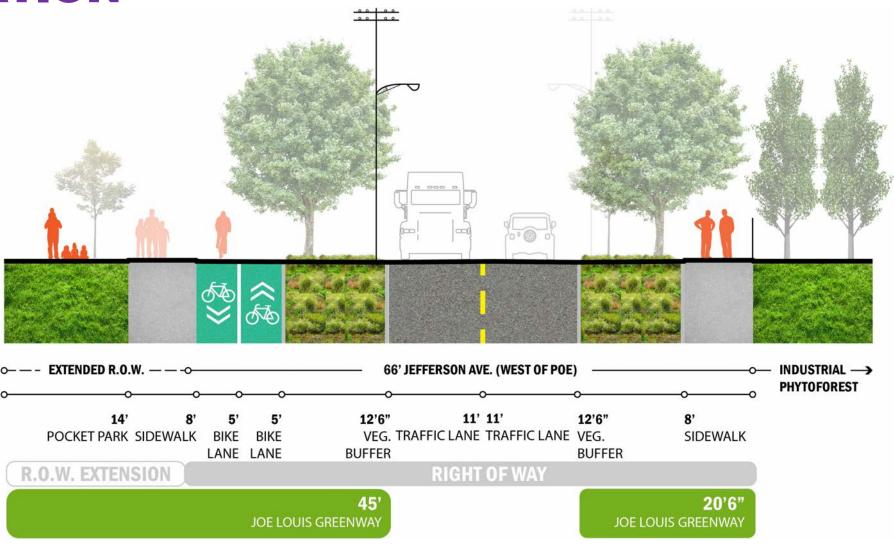
PROPOSED CROSS-SECTION: VACANCY ALONG DEARBORN ST. (WEST OF WWTP)



JOE LOUIS GREENWAY



PROPOSED CROSS-SECTION: JEFFERSON



NEXT STEPS

- PRESENTATION TO CAG?
- FINALIZE IDEAS WITH PARTNERING DEPARTMENTS GSD, DWSD
- PRESENTATION TO MAYORS OFFICE TO BE VETTED BY ADMINISTRATION
- COMMUNITY OUTREACH BY PDD ZOOM MEETING AND CITIZENS GUIDE DOCUMENT
- FINALIZE DRAFT BY END OF FEBRUARY 2021
- COMPLETE FRAMEWORK DOCUMENT BY END OF MARCH 2021

Planning and Development Department 52



THANK YOU!